# KAUFMAN **Patchwell Deep**

**Health Product Declaration v2.3** CLASSIFICATION: 03 01 30 Maintenance of Cast-in-Place Concrete HPD UNIOUE IDENTIFIER: 1397219328

## **Product Description**

Patchwell Deep is a high quality, single component, polymer modified mortar specifically designed for repairs to concrete where the depth of repair is between ¼" and 2" without the need for the addition of pea gravel. Patchwell Deep consists of special cements, dry latex polymers, and nonshrink additives that allow it to be used at greater thicknesses than most patching materials without shrinkage



## Section 1: Summary

### **Nested Method / Product Threshold**

#### **CONTENT INVENTORY**

## **Inventory Reporting Format**

- Nested Materials Method
- C Basic Method

#### **Threshold Disclosed Per**

- Material
- Product

#### **Threshold Level**

- C 1,000 ppm
- C Per GHS SDS
- Other

#### Residuals/Impurities Evaluation

Completed in 6 of 6 Materials

#### Explanation(s) provided for Residuals/Impurities?

Yes ○ No

For all contents above the threshold, the manufacturer has:

Characterized

Yes ○ No

Provided weight and role.

Screened

Yes ○ No

Provided screening results using HPDC-approved

methods.

Identified

Yes ○ No

Provided name and CAS RN or other identifier.

#### **CONTENT IN DESCENDING ORDER OF QUANTITY**

Summary of product contents and results from screening individual chemical substances against HPD Priority Hazard Lists and the GreenScreen for Safer Chemicals®. The HPD does not assess whether using or handling this product will expose individuals to its chemical substances or any health risk. Refer to Section 2 for further details.

#### NESTED MATERIAL | MATERIAL OR SUBSTANCE | RESIDUAL OR **IMPURITY**

**GREENSCREEN SCORE** | HAZARD TYPE

SAND [ QUARTZ BM-1\* | CAN | MAM | GEN ] CEMENT [ PORTLAND CEMENT LT-P1 | CAN | END | MAM ] SLAG [ BLAST FURNACE SLAG LT-UNK] POLYMER [ ETHYLENEVINYLACETATE COPOLYMER LT-UNK] BINDER [ HIGH-ALUMINA CEMENT LT-UNK] FILLER [ SILICA FUME LT-P1 | CAN | MAM ]

Number of Greenscreen BM-4/BM3 contents ... 0

Contents highest-concern GreenScreen score(s) (BM-1, LT-1, LT-P1) ... LT-P1

Nanomaterial ... No

#### **INVENTORY AND SCREENING NOTES:**

This HPD was produced using primary information from the manufacturer, including CAS numbers and SDS when needed. The manufacturer has made every effort to report the substances in this product to the listed threshold. This is a voluntary, self-reported effort. Any errors or omissions shall be considered a human error and therefore reported to the manufacturer. The manufacturer shall not be liable for omissions. The threshold applied to Residuals and Impurities (R/I) is the same as that applied to intentionally added substances, i.e., 100 ppm. Residuals and impurities below the declared Inventory Threshold do not need to be reported on the HPD.

\*Form-Specific Hazard: This substance's GreenScreen Benchmark or List Translator score and the applicable hazards are related to particulate inhalation, which is expected to occur only during manufacture, installation, maintenance, or demolition, due to activities such as sawing, sanding, grinding, or intensive cleaning. For this reason, this score is intentionally omitted from the "Contents highest concern" line above. See HPDC's Special Conditions policy for more information.

#### **VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUND (VOC) CONTENT**

VOC Content data is not applicable for this product category.

#### **CERTIFICATIONS AND COMPLIANCE** See Section 3 for additional listings.

VOC emissions: Inherently non-emitting source per LEED VOC content: MAS Certified Green - VOC Content

#### **CONSISTENCY WITH OTHER PROGRAMS**

No pre-checks completed or disclosed.

Third Party Verified? PREPARER: Self-Prepared SCREENING DATE: 2023-12-02

Patchwell Deep HPD v2.3 created via HPDC Builder Page 1 of 11 ○ Yes○ No

VERIFICATION #:

PUBLISHED DATE: 2023-12-15 EXPIRY DATE: 2026-12-02

## Section 2: Content in Descending Order of Quantity

This section lists contents in a product based on specific threshold(s) and reports detailed health information including hazards. This HPD uses the inventory method indicated above, which is one of three possible methods:

- Basic Inventory method with Product-level threshold.
- · Nested Material Inventory method with Product-level threshold
- · Nested Material Inventory method with individual Material-level thresholds

Definitions and requirements for the three inventory methods and requirements for each data field can be found in the HPD Open Standard version 2.3, available on the HPDC website at: www.hpd-collaborative.org/hpd-2-3-standard

SAND	%: 55.0000 - 65.0000	
PRODUCT THRESHOLD: 100 ppm	RESIDUALS AND IMPURITIES EVALUATION COMPLETED: Yes	MATERIAL TYPE: Geologically Derived Material

RESIDUALS AND IMPURITIES NOTES: Impurities listed above the threshold are noted in this HPD by Quartz or Pharos databases. Residuals and impurities are considered following the HPD Best Practice Guidance, 10.02.17, version 1 "The threshold applied to Residuals and Impurities (R/I) is the same as that applied to intentionally added substances, i.e., 100 ppm or 1000 ppm. Residuals and impurities below the declared Inventory Threshold do not need to be reported on the HPD." This includes average data declared in the common product database or peer-reviewed scientific articles. For this product, no actual material has been tested. Therefore, residuals and impurities are for informational purposes only and are not a guarantee of presence in the actual building material. Pharos and PubChem (formerly TOXNET) are the main databases for researching potential residuals and impurities. Any R/I above the threshold shall be listed on the HPD; otherwise, if none are listed, then no residuals or impurities are common in that substance above the threshold.

OTHER MATERIAL NOTES:

QUARTZ				ID: <b>14808-60-7</b>
HAZARD DATA SOU	RCE: Pharos Chemical and Material	ls Library	HAZARD S	SCREENING DATE: 2023-12-04 1:12:18
%: 99.0000	GreenScreen: BM-1	RC: None	NANO: No	SUBSTANCE ROLE: Filler

HAZARD TYPE	LIST NAME AND SOURCE	WARNINGS
CAN	US CDC - Occupational Carcinogens	Occupational Carcinogen**
CAN	CA EPA - Prop 65	Carcinogen - specific to chemical form or exposure route**
CAN	US NIH - Report on Carcinogens	Known to be Human Carcinogen (respirable size - occupational setting)**
CAN	MAK	Carcinogen Group 1 - Substances that cause cancer in man**
CAN	IARC	Group 1 - Agent is carcinogenic to humans - inhaled from occupational sources**
CAN	IARC	Group 1 - Agent is Carcinogenic to humans**
CAN	US NIH - Report on Carcinogens	Known to be a human Carcinogen**
CAN	GHS - Japan	H350 - May cause cancer [Carcinogenicity - Category 1A]**
CAN	GHS - Australia	H350i - May cause cancer by inhalation [Carcinogenicity - Category 1A or 1B]**
CAN	GHS - New Zealand	Carcinogenicity category 1**
MAM	GHS - Japan	H372 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure [Specific target organs/systemic toxicity following repeated exposure - Category 1]**
GEN	GHS - Japan	H341 - Suspected of causing genetic defects [Germ cell mutagenicity - Category 2]**
MAM	GHS - Australia	H372 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure [Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure - Category 1]**
MAM	GHS - New Zealand	Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure category 1**
ADDITIONAL LISTINGS	LIST NAME AND SOURCE	NOTIFICATION
None found		No listings found on Additional Hazard Lists

SUBSTANCE NOTES: Per Pharos database: "Only a few elements can replace silicon in the quartz lattice (substitutional positions) or are small enough to occupy free spaces in the lattice (interstitial positions). In natural quartz crystals, the most common ones to replace Si are Al, Fe, Ge, and Ti, whereas Li, Na, Ca, Mg and Fe often occupy interstitial positions in the "c-channels"." [Mindat]

CEMENT	%: 20.0000 - 30.0000	
PRODUCT THRESHOLD: 100	RESIDUALS AND IMPURITIES EVALUATION COMPLETED:	MATERIAL TYPE: Geologically Derived
ppm	Yes	Material

<sup>\*\*</sup>Form-Specific Hazard: This substance's GreenScreen Benchmark or List Translator score and the applicable hazards are related to particulate inhalation, which is expected to occur only during manufacture, installation, maintenance, or demolition, due to activities such as sawing, sanding, grinding, or intensive cleaning. See HPDC's Special Conditions policy for more information. Manufacturer's Safety Data Sheet (SDS), if applicable, may offer occupational health and safety information.

RESIDUALS AND IMPURITIES NOTES: Impurities listed above the threshold are noted in this HPD by Quartz or Pharos databases. Residuals and impurities are considered following the HPD Best Practice Guidance, 10.02.17, version 1 "The threshold applied to Residuals and Impurities (R/I) is the same as that applied to intentionally added substances, i.e., 100 ppm or 1000 ppm. Residuals and impurities below the declared Inventory Threshold do not need to be reported on the HPD." This includes average data declared in the common product database or peer-reviewed scientific articles. For this product, no actual material has been tested. Therefore, residuals and impurities are for informational purposes only and are not a guarantee of presence in the actual building material. Pharos and PubChem (formerly TOXNET) are the main databases for researching potential residuals and impurities. Any R/I above the threshold shall be listed on the HPD; otherwise, if none are listed, then no residuals or impurities are common in that substance above the threshold.

which may be free crystalline silica. Other trace Constituents may include free calcium oxide (also known as quick lime) and Chromium and Nickel may be at levels below 0.02%. (Continental Cement Company MSDS)

OTHER MATERIAL NOTES: Portland Cement is made from materials mined from the earth, and may contain up to 0.75% insoluble residue, some of

PORTLAND CEMENT ID: 65	997-15-1
------------------------	----------

HAZARD DATA SOURCE: Pharos Chemical and Materials Library		HAZARD SCREENING DATE: 2023-12-04 1:13:03		
%: 95.0000 - 99.0000	GreenScreen: LT-P1	RC: None	NANO: <b>No</b>	SUBSTANCE ROLE: Binder
HAZARD TYPE	LIST NAME AND SOURCE		WARNINGS	
CAN	MAK		Carcinogen Group but not sufficient for	3B - Evidence of carcinogenic effects or classification
END	TEDX - Potential Endocrine	Disruptors	Potential Endocrin	e Disruptor
MAM	GHS - Japan			respiratory irritation [Specific target gle exposure - Category 3]
MAM	GHS - Japan		repeated exposure	mage to organs through prolonged or E[Specific target organs/systemic toxicity exposure - Category 1]
ADDITIONAL LISTINGS	LIST NAME AND SOURCE		NOTIFICATION	
None found			No	listings found on Additional Hazard Lists

SUBSTANCE NOTES: No residuals or impurities at or above 100 ppm.

Yes

SLAG	%: 3.0000 - 7.0000	
PRODUCT THRESHOLD: 100	RESIDITALS AND IMPUBITIES EVALUATION COMPLETED:	MATERIAL TYPE: Other: Industrial by-product/

waste

RESIDUALS AND IMPURITIES NOTES: Impurities listed above the threshold are noted in this HPD by Quartz or Pharos databases. Residuals and impurities are considered following the HPD Best Practice Guidance, 10.02.17, version 1 "The threshold applied to Residuals and Impurities (R/I) is the same as that applied to intentionally added substances, i.e., 100 ppm or 1000 ppm. Residuals and impurities below the declared Inventory Threshold do not need to be reported on the HPD." This includes average data declared in the common product database or peer-reviewed scientific articles. For this product, no actual material has been tested. Therefore, residuals and impurities are for informational purposes only and are not a guarantee of presence in the actual building material. Pharos and PubChem (formerly TOXNET) are the main databases for researching potential residuals and impurities. Any R/I above the threshold shall be listed on the HPD; otherwise, if none are listed, then no residuals or impurities are common in that substance above the threshold.

OTHER MATERIAL NOTES: Blast furnace slag is a nonmetallic coproduct produced in the process. It consists primarily of silicates, aluminosilicates, and calcium-alumina-silicates. GGBFS can be used as a supplementary cementitious material either by premixing the slag with Portland cement or hydrated lime to produce a blended cement (during the cement production process) or by adding the slag to Portland cement concrete as a mineral admixture. (Federal Highway Administration)

ppm

BLAST FURNACE SLAG ID: 65996-69-2

HAZARD DATA SOURCE: Pharos Chemical and Materials Library HAZARD SCREENING DATE: 2023-12-04 1:16:42 %: 100.0000 GreenScreen: LT-UNK RC: PreC NANO: No SUBSTANCE ROLE: Filler **HAZARD TYPE** LIST NAME AND SOURCE WARNINGS No warnings found on HPD Priority Hazard Lists None found ADDITIONAL LISTINGS LIST NAME AND SOURCE **NOTIFICATION** None found No listings found on Additional Hazard Lists

SUBSTANCE NOTES: Ground Granulated Blast Furnace Slag is a byproduct of iron blast furnaces. Slag is a supplementary cementitious material (SCM) and is considered a pre-consumer waste product under the LEED program.

POLYMER %: 1.0000 - 5.0000

PRODUCT THRESHOLD: 100 ppm RESIDUALS AND IMPURITIES EVALUATION COMPLETED: Yes MATERIAL TYPE: Polymeric Material

RESIDUALS AND IMPURITIES NOTES: Impurities listed above the threshold are noted in this HPD by Quartz or Pharos databases. Residuals and impurities are considered following the HPD Best Practice Guidance, 10.02.17, version 1 "The threshold applied to Residuals and Impurities (R/I) is the same as that applied to intentionally added substances, i.e., 100 ppm or 1000 ppm. Residuals and impurities below the declared Inventory Threshold do not need to be reported on the HPD." This includes average data declared in the common product database or peer-reviewed scientific articles. For this product, no actual material has been tested. Therefore, residuals and impurities are for informational purposes only and are not a guarantee of presence in the actual building material. Pharos and PubChem (formerly TOXNET) are the main databases for researching potential residuals and impurities. Any R/I above the threshold shall be listed on the HPD; otherwise, if none are listed, then no residuals or impurities are common in that substance above the threshold.

OTHER MATERIAL NOTES: Actual formulation has been covered by providing a percentage range.

## ETHYLENEVINYLACETATE COPOLYMER

ID: 24937-78-8

HAZARD DATA SOURCE: Pharos Chemical and Materials Library		HAZARD SCREENING DATE: 2023-12-04 1:22:23		
%: 100.0000	GreenScreen: LT-UNK	RC: None	NANO: <b>No</b>	SUBSTANCE ROLE: Adhesive
HAZARD TYPE	LIST NAME AND SOURCE		WARNINGS	
None found			No wa	rnings found on HPD Priority Hazard Lists
ADDITIONAL LISTINGS	LIST NAME AND SOURCE		NOTIFICATION	
None found			No	o listings found on Additional Hazard Lists

SUBSTANCE NOTES: No residuals or impurities are expected to be present at or above 100 ppm.

BINDER	%: 1.0000 - 5.0000
--------	--------------------

PRODUCT THRESHOLD: 100 RESIDUALS AND IMPURITIES EVALUATION COMPLETED: MATERIAL TYPE: Geologically Derived Material

RESIDUALS AND IMPURITIES NOTES: Impurities listed above the threshold are noted in this HPD by Quartz or Pharos databases. Residuals and impurities are considered following the HPD Best Practice Guidance, 10.02.17, version 1 "The threshold applied to Residuals and Impurities (R/I) is the same as that applied to intentionally added substances, i.e., 100 ppm or 1000 ppm. Residuals and impurities below the declared Inventory Threshold do not need to be reported on the HPD." This includes average data declared in the common product database or peer-reviewed scientific articles. For this product, no actual material has been tested. Therefore, residuals and impurities are for informational purposes only and are not a guarantee of presence in the actual building material. Pharos and PubChem (formerly TOXNET) are the main databases for researching potential residuals and impurities. Any R/I above the threshold shall be listed on the HPD; otherwise, if none are listed, then no residuals or impurities are common in that substance above the threshold.

OTHER MATERIAL NOTES: Per Pharos database: TSCA Definition 2008: High-Alumina cement is a mixture of chemical substances produced by burning or sintering at high temperature (greater than 1200.degree.C (2192.degree.F)) raw materials which are predominantly calcium carbonate, aluminum oxide, silica, and iron oxide.

HAZARD DATA SOURCE:	Pharos Chemical and Materials Librar	v	HAZARD S	SCREENING DATE: 2023-12-04 1:19:20
	GreenScreen: LT-UNK	RC: None	NANO: <b>No</b>	SUBSTANCE ROLE: Binder
HAZARD TYPE	LIST NAME AND SOURCE		WARNINGS	
None found			No warı	nings found on HPD Priority Hazard Lists
ADDITIONAL LISTINGS	LIST NAME AND SOURCE		NOTIFICATION	
None found			No	listings found on Additional Hazard Lists

FILLER %: 1.0000 - 3.0000

SUBSTANCE NOTES: No residuals or impurities at or above 100 ppm.

PRODUCT THRESHOLD: 100 RESIDUALS AND IMPURITIES EVALUATION MATERIAL TYPE: Other: Industrial by-product/
ppm COMPLETED: Yes Waste

RESIDUALS AND IMPURITIES NOTES: Impurities listed above the threshold are noted in this HPD by Quartz or Pharos databases. Residuals and impurities are considered following the HPD Best Practice Guidance, 10.02.17, version 1 "The threshold applied to Residuals and Impurities (R/I) is the same as that applied to intentionally added substances, i.e., 100 ppm or 1000 ppm. Residuals and impurities below the declared Inventory Threshold do not need to be reported on the HPD." This includes average data declared in the common product database or peer-reviewed scientific articles. For this product, no actual material has been tested. Therefore, residuals and impurities are for informational purposes only and are not a guarantee of presence in the actual building material. Pharos and PubChem (formerly TOXNET) are the main databases for researching potential residuals and impurities. Any R/I above the threshold shall be listed on the HPD; otherwise, if none are listed, then no residuals or impurities are common in that substance above the threshold.

OTHER MATERIAL NOTES: Silica fume, a by-product of the ferrosilicon industry, is a highly pozzolanic material that is used to enhance mechanical and durability properties of concrete. It may be added directly to concrete as an individual ingredient or in a blend of portland cement and silica fume. (American Concrete Institute)

SILICA FUME ID: 69012-64-2

HAZARD DATA SOURCE: Pharos Chemical and Materials Library		HAZARD SCREENING DATE: 2023-12-04 1:24:30		
%: 99.0000	GreenScreen: LT-P1	RC: PreC	NANO: <b>No</b>	SUBSTANCE ROLE: Filler
HAZARD TYPE	LIST NAME AND SOURCE		WARNINGS	
CAN	GHS - Australia		H350i - May cause Category 1A or 1B	cancer by inhalation [Carcinogenicity -
MAM	GHS - Japan			respiratory irritation [Specific target gle exposure - Category 3]
MAM	GHS - Japan		repeated exposure	mage to organs through prolonged or [Specific target organs/systemic toxicity exposure - Category 1]
MAM	GHS - Australia			mage to organs through prolonged or e [Specific target organ toxicity - e - Category 1]
ADDITIONAL LISTINGS	LIST NAME AND SOURCE		NOTIFICATION	
None found			No	listings found on Additional Hazard Lists

SUBSTANCE NOTES: Silica fume is very fine pozzolanic material produced by electric arc furnaces as a byproduct of production of elemental silicon or ferro-silicon alloys. Silica fume is usually used as a replacement for 5 to 7 percent of the Portland cement.

## Section 3: Certifications and Compliance

This section lists applicable certification and standards compliance information for VOC emissions and VOC content. Other types of health or environmental performance testing or certifications completed for the product may be provided.

#### **VOC EMISSIONS**

#### Inherently non-emitting source per LEED

CERTIFYING PARTY: Self-declared

ISSUE DATE: 2023-12-04 00:00:00

CERTIFIER OR LAB: None

APPLICABLE FACILITIES: 3811 Curtis Avenue, Baltimore,

**CERTIFICATE URL:** 

CERTIFICATION AND COMPLIANCE NOTES: Per the LEED v4.1 standard for Building Design and Construction, Concrete is a non-emitting source. No VOC testing for emissions is necessary.

#### **VOC CONTENT**

#### MAS Certified Green - VOC Content

CERTIFYING PARTY: Self-declared

ISSUE DATE: 2023-12-09 00:00:00

CERTIFIER OR LAB:

APPLICABLE FACILITIES: 3811 Curtis Avenue, Baltimore,

**EXPIRY DATE:** 

**EXPIRY DATE:** 

kaufmanproducts

MD.

**CERTIFICATE URL:** 

CERTIFICATION AND COMPLIANCE NOTES: This is not MAS Green certification. The VOC content has been self-declared, utilizing the self-calculation method outlined by the United States Environmental Protection Agency (US EPA) and the South Coast Air Quality Management District (SCAQMD).

### **Section 4: Accessories**

This section lists related products or materials that the manufacturer requires or recommends for installation (such as adhesives or fasteners), maintenance, cleaning, or operations. For information relating to the contents of these related products, refer to their applicable Health Product Declarations, if available.

No accessories are required for this product.



Uses

## Section 5: General Notes

Recommended for durable structural repairs to both interior, exterior, above, below or on grade applications. Both small and large areas may be resurfaced.

#### Packaging/Yield

@ 1/2" thick, yield is 11 ft2

@ 1" thick, yield is  $5 \frac{1}{2}$  ft2

One bag is equivalent to .45 ft3.

### Application

Patchwell Deep must be scrubbed into the substrate, filling all pores and voids. Apply mixed Patchwell Deep over the properly prepared surface, working the material firmly into the sides and bottom, eliminating any air pockets and assuring maximum bond.

#### **MANUFACTURER INFORMATION**

MANUFACTURER: Kaufman Products, Inc.

ADDRESS: 3811 Curtis Avenue
Baltimore, Maryland 21226

COUNTRY: United States of America

WEBSITE: kaufmanproducts.net CONTACT NAME: Alex Kaufman

TITLE: **President** PHONE: **4103548600** 

EMAIL: akaufman@kaufmanproducts.net

The listed contact is responsible for the validity of this HPD and attests that it is accurate and complete to the best of his or her knowledge.

#### KEY

#### **Hazard Types**

**AQU** Aquatic toxicity

**CAN** Cancer

**DEV** Developmental toxicity

**END** Endocrine activity

**EYE** Eye irritation/corrosivity

**GEN** Gene mutation

**GLO** Global warming

**LAN** Land toxicity

MAM Mammalian/systemic/organ toxicity

MUL Multiple

**NEU** Neurotoxicity

NF Not found on Priority Hazard Lists

**OZO** Ozone depletion

PBT Persistent, bioaccumulative, and toxic

PHY Physical hazard (flammable or reactive)

**REP** Reproductive

**RES** Respiratory sensitization

SKI Skin sensitization/irritation/corrosivity

**UNK** Unknown

#### GreenScreen (GS)

BM-4 Benchmark 4 (prefer-safer chemical)

BM-3 Benchmark 3 (use but still opportunity for improvement)

**BM-2** Benchmark 2 (use but search for safer substitutes)

BM-1 Benchmark 1 (avoid - chemical of high concern)

BM-U Benchmark Unspecified (due to insufficient data)

LT-P1 List Translator Possible 1 (Possible Benchmark-1)

LT-1 List Translator 1 (Likely Benchmark-1)

LT-UNK List Translator Benchmark Unknown

NoGS No GreenScreen.

GreenScreen Benchmark scores sometimes also carry subscripts, which provide more context for how the score was determined. These are DG (data gap), TP (transformation product), and CoHC (chemical of high concern). For more information, see 2.2.2.4 GreenScreen® for Safer Chemicals, www.greenscreenchemicals.org, and Best Practices for Hazard Screening on the HPDC website (hpd-collaborative.org).

#### **Recycled Types**

PreC Pre-consumer recycled content

PostC Post-consumer recycled content

**UNK** Inclusion of recycled content is unknown

None Does not include recycled content

#### Other Terms:

GHS SDS Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals Safety Data Sheet

#### **Inventory Methods:**

Nested Method / Material Threshold Substances listed within each material per threshold indicated per material

Nested Method / Product Threshold Substances listed within each material per threshold indicated per product

Basic Method / Product Threshold Substances listed individually per threshold indicated per product

Nano Composed of nano scale particles or nanotechnology

Third Party Verified Verification by independent certifier approved by HPDC

Preparer Third party preparer, if not self-prepared by manufacturer

Applicable facilities Manufacturing sites to which testing applies

The Health Product Declaration (HPD) Open Standard provides for the disclosure of product contents and potential associated human and environmental health hazards. Hazard associations are based on the HPD Priority Hazard Lists, the GreenScreen List Translator™, and when available, full GreenScreen® assessments. The HPD Open Standard v2.1 is not:

- a method for the assessment of exposure or risk associated with product handling or use,
- a method for assessing potential health impacts of: (i) substances used or created during the manufacturing process or (ii) substances created after the product is delivered for end use.

Information about life cycle, exposure and/or risk assessments performed on the product may be reported by the manufacturer in appropriate Notes sections, and/or, where applicable, in the Certifications section.

The HPD Open Standard was created and is supported by the Health Product Declaration Collaborative (the HPD Collaborative), a customer-led organization composed of stakeholders throughout the building industry that is committed to the continuous improvement of building products through transparency, openness, and innovation throughout the product supply chain.

The product manufacturer and any applicable independent verifier are solely responsible for the accuracy of statements and claims made in this HPD and

